VII. REQUESTED IN VIII. RELATED CASE(S) DOCKET NUMBER 14-cv-4337 DATE 03/10/2016 FOR OFFICE USE ONLY MAG. JUDGE MAR 11 APPLYING IFP JUDGE RECEIPT # AMOUNT

FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICTOR SENSOIL VENA DESIGNATION FORMITO assignment to appropriate calendar.	
Address of Plaintiff: Phi la dal Phi a	16 1180
Address of Defendant: Phila delphia	وي
Place of Accident, Incident or Transaction: Phila Velphia	
/(Use Reverse Side Egr	Additional Space)
Does this civil action involve a nongovernmental corporate party with any parent corporation	
(Attach two copies of the Disclosure Statement Form in accordance with Fed.R.Civ.P. 7.1(a	(1)) Yes□ No□
Does this case involve multidistrict litigation possibilities? RELATED CASE, IF ANY: Case Number: 14.0V-4337 Judge Cyuthia Rufe	Date Terminated: Yes□ No□ No□
divil cases are deemed related when yes is answered to any of the following questions:	
1. Is this case related to property included in an earlier numbered suit pending or within one	year previously terminated action in this court?
	Yes□ No.
2. Does this case involve the same issue of fact or grow out of the same transaction as a prior action in this court?	suit pending or within one year previously terminated
	Yes♥ No□
3. Does this case involve the validity or infringement of a patent already in suit or any earlier terminated action in this court?	rumbered case pending or within one year previously Yes□ Nof
terminated action in this court:	1652 1109
4. Is this case a second or successive habeas corpus, social security appeal, or pro se civil rig	hts case filed by the same individual?
	Yes□ No ✓
CIVIL: (Place ✓ in ONE CATEGORY ONLY)	,
A. Federal Question Cases:	B. Diversity Jurisdiction Cases:
1. Indemnity Contract, Marine Contract, and All Other Contracts	1. Insurance Contract and Other Contracts
2. □ FELA	2. □ Airplane Personal Injury
3. □ Jones Act-Personal Injury	3. □ Assault, Defamation
4. □ Antitrust	4. □ Marine Personal Injury
5. □ Patent	5. Motor Vehicle Personal Injury
6. □ Labor-Management Relations	6. Other Personal Injury (Please specify)
7. Civil Rights	7. Products Liability
8. Habeas Corpus	8. Products Liability — Asbestos
9. Securities Act(s) Cases	9. □ All other Diversity Cases
10. □ Social Security Review Cases	(Please specify)
11. All other Federal Question Cases (Please specify) 28 US & Section 2691	
ARBITRATION CERT (Check Appropriate Counsel of record do hereby cert Fursuant to Local Civil Rule 53.2, Section 3(c)(2), that to the best of my knowledge and \$150,000.00 exclusive of interest and costs; Relief other than monetary damages is sought. Attorney-at-Law Jenathan NOTE: A trial dc novo will be a trial by jury only if the	Category) ify: It belief, the damages recoverable in this civil action case exceed the sum of Attorney I.D.# \$9062
I certify that, to my knowledge, the within case is not related to any case now pending or except as noted above. DATE:	within one year previously terminated action in this course
Attorney-at-Law	Attorney I.D.#
CIV. 609 (5/2012)	MAR 11 2016 MAR 11 2015

Case 2:16-cy-in the united states district COURT for the EASTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA

CASE MANAGEMENT TRACK DESIGNATION	FORM				
Niesha Victoria Andrews, As	CIVIL ACTION				
Nesha Victoria Andrews, As: Administrator of the Estate of Nyesha Dawy Andrews Deceased United STATES of America In accordance with the Civil Justice Expense and Delay Reduction Pla	16 No.	118	0		
In accordance with the Civil Justice Expense and Delay Reduction Plan of this court, counsel for plaintiff shall complete a Case Management Track Designation Form in all civil cases at the time of filing the complaint and serve a copy on all defendants. (See § 1:03 of the plan set forth on the reverse side of this form.) In the event that a defendant does not agree with the plaintiff regarding said designation, that defendant shall, with its first appearance, submit to the clerk of court and serve on the plaintiff and all other parties, a Case Management Track Designation Form specifying the track to which that defendant believes the case should be assigned.					
SELECT ONE OF THE FOLLOWING CASE MANAGEMENT TR	ACKS:	,			
(a) Habeas Corpus – Cases brought under 28 U.S.C. § 2241 through § 2	255.		()		
(b) Social Security – Cases requesting review of a decision of the Secret and Human Services denying plaintiff Social Security Benefits.	tary of Health	ı	()		
(c) Arbitration – Cases required to be designated for arbitration under L	ocal Civil Ru	le 53.2.	()		
(d) Asbestos – Cases involving claims for personal injury or property da exposure to asbestos.	amage from		()		
(e) Special Management – Cases that do not fall into tracks (a) through commonly referred to as complex and that need special or intense m the court. (See reverse side of this form for a detailed explanation or management cases.)	anagement by	,			
(f) Standard Management – Cases that do not fall into any one of the ot	her tracks.		()		
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Date

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215-592-4445 [

FAX Number

E-Mail Address

Attorney for

(Civ. 660) 10/02

Telephone



Case 2:16-cv-01180-CMR Document 1 Filed 03/11/16 Page 4 of 18

Case 2:16-cv-01180-CMR
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IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA

NYESHA VICTORIA A As Administrator of the F Dawn Andrews,		Civil Action No. 16	1180
v.			
THE UNITED STATES	OF AMERICA,		
	Defendant		

CIVIL ACTION COMPLAINT

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 1. The Court has jurisdiction over this action pursuant to 28 U.S.C § 1346, in that the Plaintiff has brought suit against the United States of America pursuant to the Federal Tort Claims Act, 28 U.S.C. § 2671, et seq. The two institutional and one individual actor whose conduct (along with that of defendants named in the companion case of Estate of Andrews, et al., v. Hospital of University of Pennsylvania, et al., Docket No. 14-4337, United States District Court for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania) forms the basis of Plaintiff's claim are deemed to be federal agencies and employees pursuant to the Federally Supported Health Centers Assistance Act, 42 U.S.C. § 233(c). Further, this Court has supplemental jurisdiction over the Plaintiff's state law claims herein pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1367.
- 2. Venue properly lies in the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b)(2), in that the conduct giving rise to the Plaintiff's claims herein occurred within the geographical boundaries of the Eastern District of Pennsylvania.

THE PARTIES

- 3. Plaintiff, Nyesha Victoria Andrews, is an adult individual and citizen of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, residing at 918 Carver Street, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania 19124. Nyesha Victoria Andrews is the mother of Nyesha Dawn Andrews, deceased ("Plaintiff's Decedent") and the Administrator of the Estate of Nyesha Dawn Andrews, Deceased. Nyesha Victoria Andrews as appointed Administrator of the Estate of Nyesha Dawn Andrews by the Philadelphia County Register of Wills on May 18, 2012. See copy of Letters of Administration attached hereto as Exhibit "A."
- 4. Plaintiff's Decedent died in her home, located at 918 Carver Street, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, on July 18, 2011.
- Aria Mercedes Sharps is a minor and a citizen of the Commonwealth of
 Pennsylvania, residing at 12003 Ferndale Street, Philadelphia Pennsylvania 19116. Aria Sharps is the natural child of Plaintiff's Decedent.
- 6. Martin Sharps is an adult individual and a citizen of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, residing at 12003 Ferndale Street, Philadelphia Pennsylvania 19116. Martin Sharps is the father and natural guardian of Aria Mercedes Sharps.
- 7. At all times relevant herein, Greater Philadelphia Health Action ("GPHA"), was a corporation and/or other business entity which is a licensed professional health care provider under the MCARE Act, organized and existing under the laws of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania with its principal place of business located at 432 North 6th Street, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, which acted at all times relevant hereto through its duly authorized agents, and/or employees, and/or independent contractors, and/or ostensible agents.

- 8. At all times relevant herein, Frankford Avenue Health Center ("Frankford") was a corporation and/or other business entity which is a licensed professional health care provider under the MCARE Act, organized and existing under the laws of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania with its principal place of business located at 4500 Frankford Avenue, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, which acted at all times relevant hereto through its duly authorized agents, and/or employees, and/or independent contractors, and/or ostensible agents.
- 9. At all times relevant herein, Stepanie M. Green ("Green") was a midwife and healthcare provider under the MCARE Act, maintaining offices at 4500 Frankford Avenue, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.
- Pursuant to the Federally Supported Health Centers Assistance Act, 42 U.S.C. §
 233(c), GPHS, Frankford and Green are deemed to be federal agencies and employees.
- 11. Pursuant to the Federally Supported Health Centers Assistance Act, 42 U.S.C. § 233(c), all claims for medical negligence against GPHS, Frankford and Green are to be brought against the United States and under the Federal Tort Claims Act. 28 U.S.C. § 2671, et seq.
- 12. Claims being made against GPHS, Frankford and Green are professional liability claims.
- 13. At all times relevant herein, GPHS, Frankford and Green's conduct, combined with that of the Hospital of the University of Pennsylvania, University of Pennsylvania Health System, The trustees of the University of Pennsylvania, Kolin Hoff, M.D., Gayle Mitura, CRNP and Jayme Ewanichak, RN, who are named Defendants in the companion case of Estate of Andrews, et al., v. Hospital of University of Pennsylvania, et al., Docket No. 14-4337, United States District Court for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania, to cause injury and damages to Decedent Nyesha Dawn Andrews, as described below, including death of Decedent.

OPERATIVE FACTS

- 14. Decedent, Nyesha Dawn Andrews, was born on November 16, 1986.
- 15. In 2009, Decedent became pregnant with her first and only child, Aria Mercedes Sharps, who was born on August 6, 2009.
- 16. During the course of Decedent's pregnancy, she obtained prenatal care from companion-case defendant Hospital of the University of Pennsylvania.
- 17. On or about March 18, 2009, in connection with treatment provided by companion-case defendant Hospital of the University of Pennsylvania, Decedent was noted to have an enlarged thyroid.
 - 18. In April of 2009, Decedent was diagnosed as having Graves disease.
- 19. On August 6, 2009, Decedent gave birth to her daughter Aria Mercedes Sharps by means of vaginal delivery.
- 20. On August 8, 2009, Decedent was discharged from the Hospital of the University of Pennsylvania in "good" condition.
- 21. Decedent was given a prescription for Propylthiouracil to treat her Graves disease. Records show that she filled the prescription on June 24, 2009 and refilled it on December 1, 2009.
- 22. On or about January 3, 2011, Decedent underwent routine blood work, which included an evaluation of her thyroid levels.
- 23. The January 3, 2011 lab work revealed that Decedent had an unbound thyroxine (T4, Free) level of 4.9 ng/dL (nanograms per deciliter). The normal value for an adult is between .8 and 1.8 ng/dL.

- 24. The January 3, 2011 lab work also revealed that the Decedent's Triiodothyronine (T3, Total) level was 767 ng/dL. The normal value for an adult is between 76 and 181 ng/dL.
- 25. The labs taken on January 3, 2011 reveal dangerously high levels resulting from Decedent's overactive Thyroid gland.
- 26. The results of labs taken on January 3, 2011 are clear evidence of an oncoming "thyroid storm" and the desperate need for immediate medication and medical treatment.
- 27. Despite evidence that Decedent was entering a "thyroid storm," she was given an appointment to follow-up with her endocrinologist that was not scheduled to take place until April of 2011, more than three months away.
- 28. On January 10, 2011, Decedent made a telephone call to her primary care provider, Frankford. At that time she had complaints of sweating, heart palpitations and coughing.
- 29. Decedent was advised that the appropriate referral form was being prepared and that she could be seen the following day. At the time of Decedent's January 10, 2011, phone call to Frankford, Frankford, GPHS and/or Green knew that Decedent had not taken Propylthiouracil since October or November of 2010.
- 30. On January 11, 2011, Decedent appeared at Frankford but was not seen by any health care providers at the Hospital of the University of Pennsylvania because she lacked the proper referral form which had not been received from Frankford Avenue Health Center.
- 31. On January 11, 2011, Decedent advised Frankford that she was feeling jittery, her heart was skipping and racing, she was having heat intolerance and she had flu-like symptoms, including sore throat, lightheadedness, coughing and sneezing.

- 32. On January 11, 2011, companion-case defendant Hoff made a note in Decedent's medical records that she should not take Theraflu as a result of her hyperthyroidism. Hoff also noted that Decedent had to be seen in order to be treated.
- 33. Although Decedent was not treated by any health care providers on January 11, 2011, she did have blood work performed on that date.
- 34. The January 11, 2011 blood work showed that the Decedent's Thyroxine (T4) level was 22.27 micrograms per deciliter ($\mu g/dL$). The normal value for an adult is between 4.6 and 12.00 $\mu g/dL$.
- 35. The January 11, 2011 blood work also showed that the Decedent's unbound Thyroid Binding Globulin (T3 Uptake) and Free Thyorxine Index (FTI) were both dangerously elevated.
- 36. After Decedent was turned away by her health care providers on January 11, 2011, she was again promised that the appropriate paperwork and referrals would be completed and she made another appointment to see the endocrinologist on January 13, 2011.
- 37. At all times relevant hereto, the endocrinologist, all other companion-case defendants and GPHS, Frankford and Green knew or should have known of the results of lab work from January 3 and January 11 and knew or should have known of the immediate risk of the "thyroid storm" which Decedent had entered.
- 38. On or about January 13, 2011, Decedent returned to the office of companion-case defendant endocrinologist Huff. She was again turned away as a result of not having the appropriate referral. She remained in the doctor's office and called Frankford, but the Health Center never provided the referral.

- 39. Over the next several days, Decedent's condition continued to worsen. On January 18, 2011, Decedent's mother, Plaintiff Nyesha V. Andrews, was unable to contact her daughter by telephone. Plaintiff contacted a nearby friend to go and nock on the door to check on the condition of Decedent and her 18-month-old daughter.
- 40. When the family friend came in he found Decedent in bed and unresponsive.

 Shortly after, Plaintiff arrived at Decedent's home and found Decedent to be unresponsive, cold and stiff. Decedent's 18-month-old child was on the floor beside the bed in which Decedent was found.
- 41. Decedent Nyesha Dawn Andrews was pronounced dead in her home on January 18, 2011 at approximately 2:20 P.M. Her death certificate states that complications from Graves disease is the cause of death.
- 42. As a direct and proximate result of the negligence of GPHS, Frankford and Green, as well as that of companion-case defendants, Nyesha Dawn Andrews, Deceased, suffered injuries, including but not limited to:
 - a. agitation;
 - b. confusion;
 - c. fever;
 - d. diarrhea;
 - e. racing and/or pounding heart;
 - f. sweating;
 - g. thyroid Storm;
 - h. death;
 - i. pain and suffering;

- j. mental anguish;
- k. humiliation;
- 1. disfigurement;
- m. emotional distress;
- n. wage and earning capacity loss;
- o. medical expenses;
- p. loss of life's pleasures; and
- q. economic losses.
- 43. As a direct and proximate result of the Defendants' negligence, Nyesha Dawn Andrews died.

COUNT I - NEGLIGENCE

Plaintiff Nyesha Victoria Andrews, as the Administrator of the Estate of Nyesha Dawn Andrews, Deceased, v. Defendant United States of America

- 44. The preceding paragraphs are incorporated by reference as though fully set forth herein.
- 45. The harm to and the death of Nyesha Dawn Andrews, Deceased, and the losses directly related to that harm and death were the proximate result of the negligence and carelessness of Stephanie Green, either individually and/or by and through her respective agents, and or servants, and/or employees, and/or independent contractors, and/or ostensible agents acting through and within the course and scope of their employment, consisting of, but not limited to, one or more of the following:
 - failing to properly and timely diagnose and treat the Decedent's "thyroid storm;"

- b. failing to adequately monitor levels of the Decedent's lab results;
- c. failing to timely refer Decedent for follow-up with the appropriate specialist;
- d. failing to provide Decedent with referral forms;
- e. failing to recognize and react to the risk a "thyroid storm" despite knowing

 Decedent's significant history of thyroid disease;
- f. failing to provide timely examination and treatment of Decedent when her lab results from January 3, 2011, indicated the need for immediate care, yet she was given an appointment for several months away;
- g. failure to prevent harm to, and death of Decedent.
- 46. Plaintiff and Plaintiff's Decedent relied upon the Stephani Green's medical knowledge, expertise, advice, treatment, diagnostic techniques and care throughout the course of Decedent's treatment. Stephanie Green failed to exercise reasonable care and was careless and negligent in his/her/their undertaking, increasing the risk of harm to the Decedent and/or causing her injuries and death which occurred on January 18, 2011.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff Nyesha Victoria Andrews as the Administrator of the Estate of Nyesha Dawn Andrews, Deceased requests judgment in her favor and against Defendant United States of America, jointly and severally, for an amount in excess of One Hundred and Fifty Thousand (\$150,000) Dollars and local arbitration limits, together with costs and compensation for delay and any other relief the Court deems appropriate.

COUNT II – CORPORATE LIABILITY

Plaintiff Nyesha Victoria Andrews, as the Administrator of the Estate of Nyesha Dawn Andrews, Deceased v. Defendant United States of America

- 47. The preceding paragraphs are incorporated by reference as though fully set forth herein.
- 48. In addition to those averments of negligence and carelessness set forth above, Defendant United States of America, acting through GPHS and Frankford, is liable to the Plaintiff pursuant to the doctrine of corporate liability, as recognized by the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania in Thompson v. Nason Hospital, 527 Pa. 330, 591 A.2d 703 (1991), and its progeny.
- 49. The United States of America is liable to the Plaintiff pursuant to the doctrine of corporate negligence on the basis of the GPHS and Frankford's acts of negligence and carelessness including the following:
 - failure to use reasonable care in the maintenance of safe and adequate facilities at Frankford Avenue Health Center;
 - failure to select and retain competent physician and nursing personnel
 participating in the rendition of medical care at Frankford Avenue Health
 Center;
 - c. failing to ensure that physician and nursing personnel, resident physicians and staff participating in Decedent's treatment and care, including Stephanie Green, were appropriately knowledgeable, experienced and trained in the management, diagnosis, treatment, treatment options regarding assessment of patients presenting with high thyroid levels as confirmed by lab results which indicate a "thyroid storm;"

- d. failing to oversee all persons, including the individually named Stephanie Green, and any/all physicians and/or other personnel including nursing, technical personnel, and lab personnel, where the identities of such persons beyond those individually named herein remain unknown at this time, who practiced medicine within the walls of the Frankford Avenue Health Center during the course of Decedent's medical care and treatment, including assessment and treatment of Decedent's high thyroid levels as shown by lab results taken on January 3, 2011, treatment options, diagnostic testing, laboratory evaluations and other related conditions up until the time of her death;
- e. failing to formulate, adopt, and enforce adequate rules and policies to ensure the availability of properly qualified medical care personnel, including but not limited to physicians, consulting physicians, resident physicians and staff for the evaluation and management of Frankford Avenue Health Center patients requiring care from the department of endocrinology presenting with symptoms of "thyroid storm;"
- f. failing to formulate, adopt and enforce adequate rules and policies to ensure quality care for all patients with elevated thyroid levels who are at risk for "thyroid storm;"
- g. failing to select and retain only competent physicians, nurses and others; and
- failing to oversee all persons who practice medicine and health care within their walls as to patient care;

- i. failing to maintain adequate policies and procedures regarding he procurement and delivery of referral forms for necessary and/or urgently needed care.
- 50. At all times relevant hereto, the GPHS and Frankford had actual or constructive notice of the defects of their procedures and policies, as references in the preceding paragraph, that created the injuries and losses for which the Plaintiff claims damages herein.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff Nyesha Victoria Andrews as the Administrator of the Estate of Nyesha Dawn Andrews, Deceased requests judgment in her favor and against Defendant United States of America, jointly and severally, for an amount in excess of One Hundred and Fifty Thousand (\$150,000) Dollars and local arbitration limits, together with costs and compensation for delay and any other relief the Court deems appropriate.

COUNT III – WRONGFUL DEATH Plaintiff Nyesha Victoria Andrews, as the Administrator of the Estate of Nyesha Dawn Andrews, Deceased v. Defendant United States of America

- 51. The preceding paragraphs are incorporated by reference as though fully set forth herein.
- 52. This action is brought pursuant to the Wrongful Death Act of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania at 1955 P.L. 309, as amended, 42 Pa.C.S.A. §8301, et seq.
- 53. The Decedent Nyesha Dawn Andrews dies on January 18, 2011, and had not brought an action in her lifetime for her personal injuries.
- 54. The personal injuries and death of the Decedent were a direct and proximate result of the conduct of GPHS, Frankford and Green, along with the aforementioned companion-case defendants named in Estate of Andrews, et al., v. Hospital of University of Pennsylvania, et al., Docket No. 14-4337, United States District Court for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania.

- 55. Decedent left surviving her the following persons entitled to recover damages for her death, pursuant to 42 Pa.C.S.A. §8301 on whose behalf this action is brought:
 - a. Nyesha Victoria Andrews Mother of Decedent
 - b. Jerome Johnson Father of Decedent
 - c. Aria Mercedes Sharps, minor Daughter of Decedent (Nyesha Victoria
 Andrews has been appointed as the guardian of the Estate of Aria
 Mercedes Sharps, a minor).
- 56. By reason of the foregoing injuries and death of Decedent, the aforesaid persons have suffered and herein make claim for all permissible damages recoverable pursuant to the Wrongful Death Act of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania at 1955 P.L. 309, as amended, 42 Pa.C.S.A. §8301, et seq., including but not limited to loss of Decedent's financial support, future earnings, future earning capacity, services, comfort, funeral expenses and expenses for the administration of the estate of decedent with the total earnings which would have been earned by Nyesha Dawn Andrews throughout her working life expectancy.
- 57. By reason of the injuries and death of Decedent, claim is made for the damages of hospital bills, nursing bills, funeral expenses and expenses in the administration of the estate necessitated by reason of the injuries causing Decedent's death and any and all damages recoverable under the Wrongful Death Act.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff Nyesha Victoria Andrews as the Administrator of the Estate of Nyesha Dawn Andrews, Deceased requests judgment in her favor and against Defendant United States of America, jointly and severally, for an amount in excess of One Hundred and Fifty Thousand (\$150,000) Dollars and local arbitration limits, together with costs and compensation for delay and any other relief the Court deems appropriate.

COUNT IV – SURVIVAL ACTION

Plaintiff Nyesha Victoria Andrews as the Administrator of the Estate of Nyesha Dawn Andrews, Deceased v. Defendant United States of America

- 58. The preceding paragraphs are incorporated by reference as though fully set forth herein.
- 59. The injuries and death of Nyesha Dan Andrews on January 18, 2011, were a direct and proximate result of the negligence and conduct of GPHS, Frankford and Green, along with the aforementioned companion-case defendants named in Estate of Andrews, et al., v. Hospital of University of Pennsylvania, et al., Docket No. 14-4337, United States District Court for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania.
- 60. By reason of the foregoing premises as aforesaid, Plaintiff believes and avers that Decedent sustained great fright, anguish, emotional distress, fear of death, disfigurement, mortification, devastating conscious pain and suffering prior to her death for which claim is made.
- 61. By reason of the foregoing premises, the Estate of Nyesha Dawn Andrews,
 Deceased, claims all damages sustained by Decedent which are recoverable against all named
 Defendants as aforementioned under and pursuant to the Pennsylvania Survival Statute, 42
 Pa.C.S.A. §8302, including loss of earnings, earning power, earning capacity, pain and suffering
 and emotional distress.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff Nyesha Victoria Andrews as the Administrator of the Estate of Nyesha Dawn Andrews, Deceased requests judgment in her favor and against Defendant United States of America, jointly and severally, for an amount in excess of One Hundred and Fifty

Thousand (\$150,000) Dollars and local arbitration limits, together with costs and compensation for delay and any other relief the Court deems appropriate.

JURY DEMAND

Plaintiff demands a trial by jury as to each count.

Date: 3 - 10 - 14

JONATHAN M. COHEN, L.L.C.

By: Jonathan M. Cohen, Esquire

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Attorney for Plaintiff